

ALGIERS

INTRODUCTION

- ✓ Algiers is the capital & largest city of Algeria
- ✓ Algiers is situated on the west side of a bay of the Mediterranean sea.
- ✓ The city name is derived from the Arabic word AL-JAZA"IR which translate as the Islands.
- ✓ According to 2007 estimation of the population of Algiers is 2.1 million.

THE Contemporary City

- ❖ **The city is divided in to two sections the lower part and the upper part.**
- ❖ **The lower part is the modern city built by French.**
- ❖ **The upper part is the old city , with narrow, twisting streets dominated by the Casbah built by the Ottomans.**



HISTORY

- ❖ The present city was founded about 900AD by BERBERS.
- ❖ Starting from this year the city was controlled by different.

- Europeans
- Arabian
- Spanish
- Ottoman Turks and
- France

Algeria get her independence in 1962.

THE ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION

59% from Arabic speaking background

38% from Berber speaking background

**3% from foreign born mostly from China,
Vietnam and Mali**

Natural Determinant

no	Determinant	kind
1	Climate	Arid and Semi-arid
2	Topography	Mostly high plateau and Desert, mountains
3	Construction material	Mud and brick
4	Natural resource	Crude petroleum Natural gas and Phosphates

MAN-MADE DETERMINANT

NO	DETERMINANT	KIND
1	Politics	Semi-Presidential Republic
2	Economy	Commercial and financial
3	Language	Arabic and French
4	Religion	Sunni Muslim
5	Aesthetic	Football
6	Culture	RAI
7	Street pattern	organic



- Hôpital
- Information
- Poste
- Police
- Mosquée
- Université
- Phone



0 200 m 400 m

Algiers Harbor

The harbor in Algiers, the capital of Algeria, is one of northwestern Africa's principal Mediterranean ports and a refueling station for ships.



Tom Hollyman/Photo Researchers, Inc.

Port of Algiers

Algiers, the capital of Algeria, is a major port on the Mediterranean Sea. The area near the harbor is the modern part of the city. Further inland is the old part, dominated by the Casbah, a fortress built by the Turks when they occupied Algeria.





Casbah of Algiers

The old quarter of Algiers, an area of winding, narrow streets is known as the Casbah. It takes its name from a 16th-century fortress in the quarter built by Ottoman Turks. The Ketchaoua Mosque, shown here, is one of many buildings crowded closely together in the casbah of Algiers.



Wendy Stone/Liaison Agency

THANK YOU



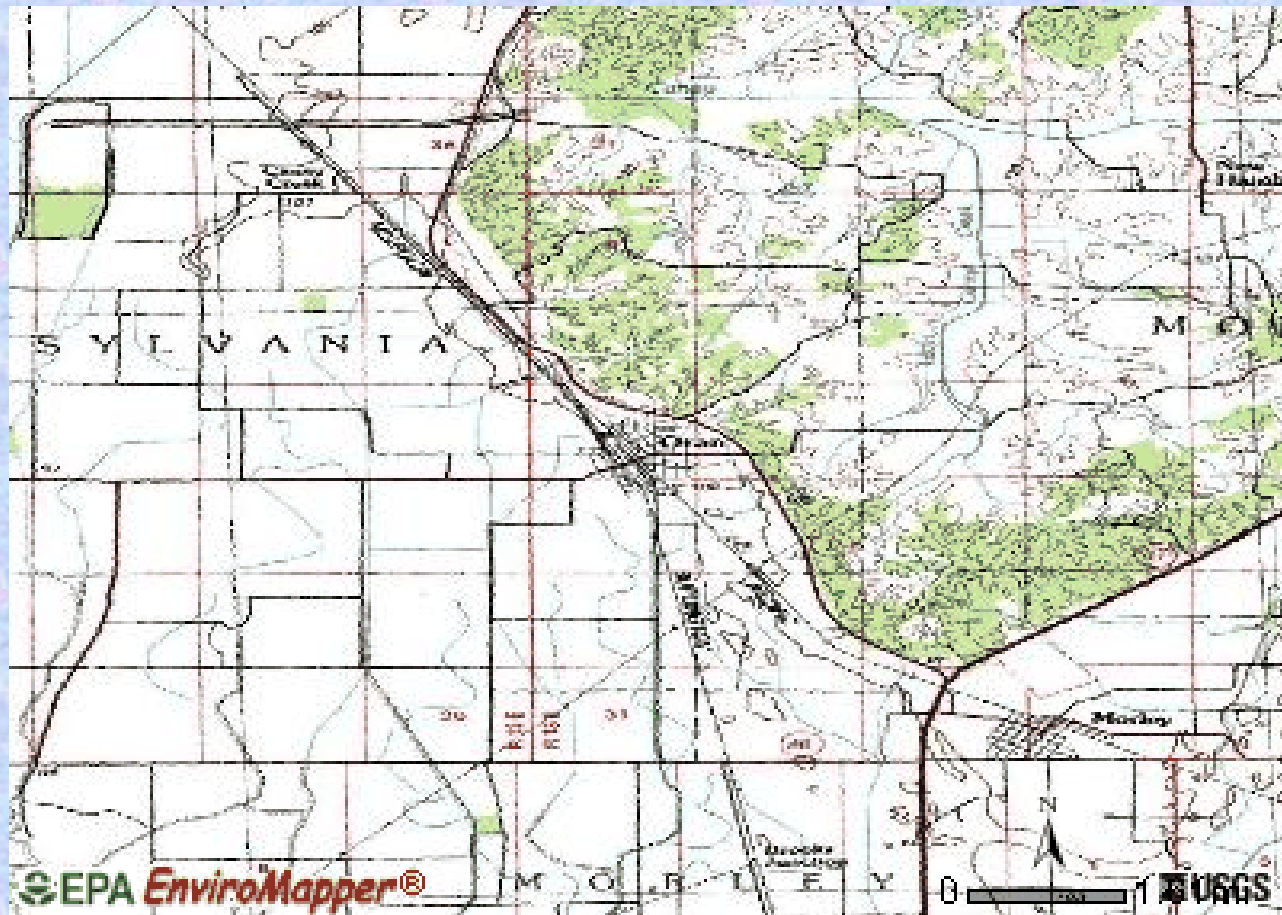
ORAN

- The name comes from the Berber word Uhan meaning the Lions. Oran was founded in 903 by Moorish Andalusian trader.
- **LOCATION** - on Mediterranean coast in north western Algeria.
- **POPULATION**- the city has a population of 683,250.
- **ECONOMY**- major port and since the 1960s has been the commercial, industrial & educational center
- **CULTURE**- affected through Arab & European influences.
- **TRANSPORTATION**- has limited means of transport.
- the Es Senia Airport for domestic & international flight.
- **CLIMATE**- hot & dry.
almost more than 75% covered Sahara desert.

Natural Form Determinant

No	Determinant	Kind
1	Climate	Hot and Dry
2	Topography	Flat
3	Construction Material	Mud Brick
4	Natural Resource	Petroleum

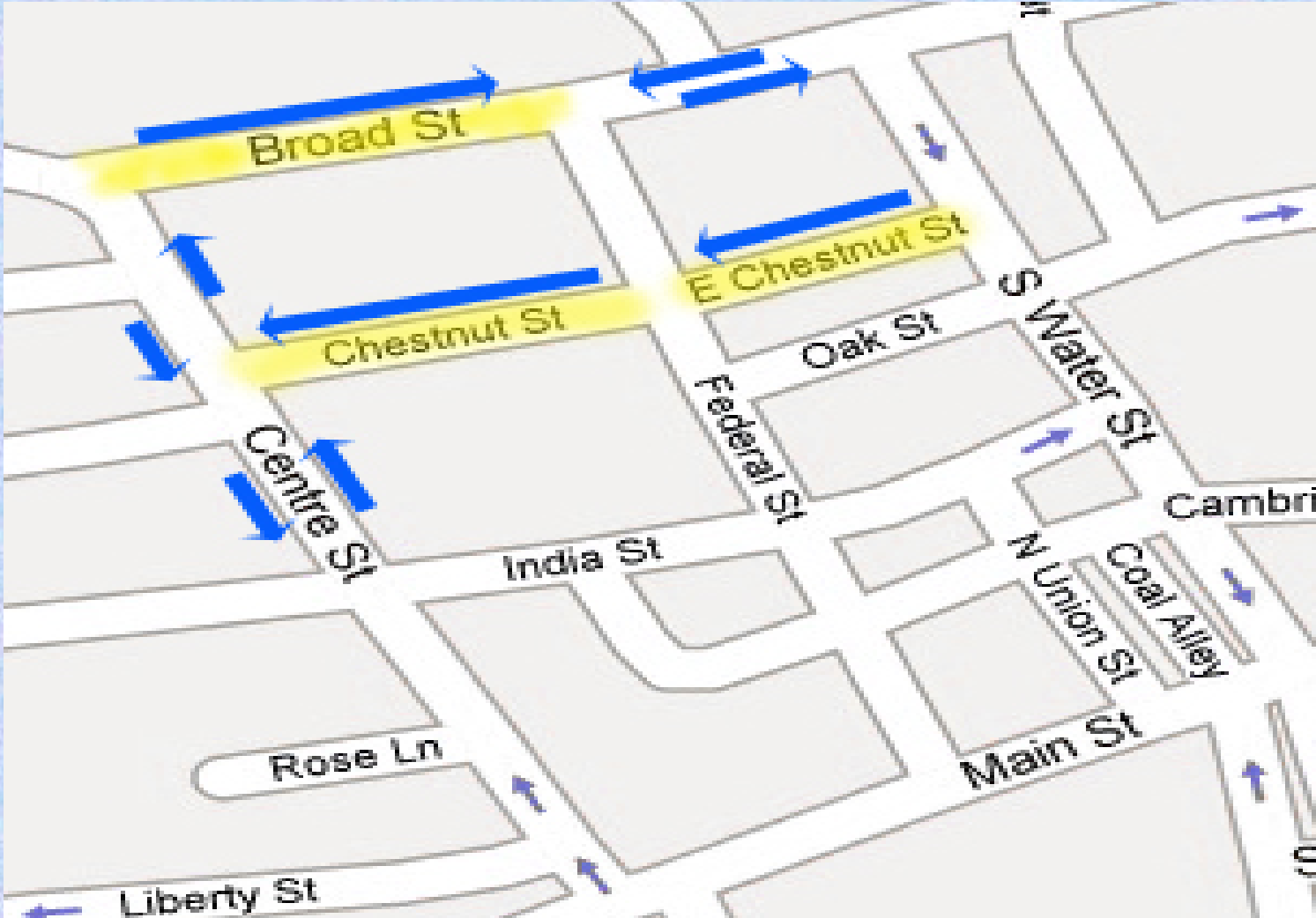
Topography



Man Made Form Determinant

No	Determinant	Kind
1	Economy	Commercial and Industrial
2	Politics	Semi Presidential
3	Culture	Affected by Arab and European
4	Religion	Almost Muslim
5	Language	Arabic
6	Street Pattern	Planned

Street Pattern



Commune of Oran



Oran's seaside

- *Map of Algeria highlighting Oran Province*
- *Map of Oran Province highlighting Oran Municipality*

- **NEIGHBORHOOD STREETS**-Avenue of lamur.
 - street captain –rahou.
 - sebbalet ayada
 - place the sahara
 - street staoueli

ORAN TO DAY-Oran is a major port and a commercial center and has 3 Universities.

the old quarter of oran has a casbah & an 18th century mosque





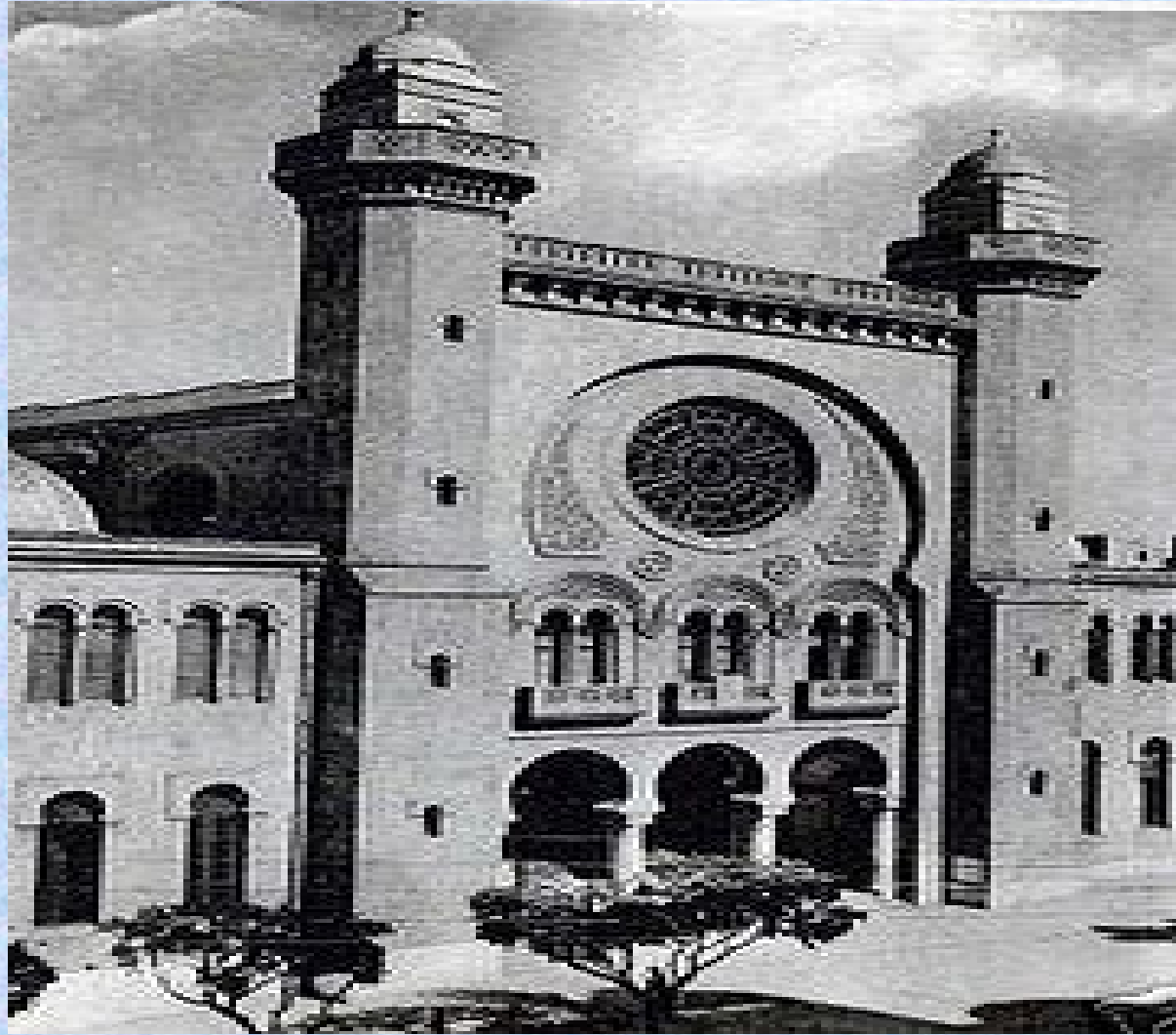
The Santa Cruz fort in Oran. *Santa Cruz* is Spanish for "holy cross"



Oran's [city hall](#), dating from colonial times.



The [Great Synagogue of Oran](#) was confiscated and turned into a mosque



Entrance to the Mosque of the Pasha



❖ Source

Internet and
Encarta

THANK YOU